ADMIRALTY

TYPE 619

AND

RECEIVER OUTFIT CAT

PRELIMINARY
TECHNICAL INFORMATION

NOTE.

This very abridged information, issued in advance of quantity production, will be superseded shortly by a full handbook on the equipment covering description, adjustment, working, maintenance, and repair.

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LOWESTOFT



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AMENDMENTS & ADDENDA

In Pocket at Back

The right is reserved to vary these specifications in the light of further technical development.

ERRATA

Page 4. Paragraph 10.

Line 12. For RV3 read RV5.

Line 13. For RV3 read RV5. Page 8. Paragraph 23, line 7, column 3. For Diode 1 read Diode 2. For Diode 2 read Diode 1. Page 10. Paragraph 27, line 2, column 3. Add after VN, W and I. Page 12. Paragraph 39, line 1. For 2nd diode read left diode. Fig. 1. Delete the "strap" indication across R22. Switches SWJ and SWK. Amend wafer lettering—For "a" read "b." Fig. 2. " "c" read "d." " "e" read "f." Number the contact connected to L5a as "5." Switch SWG, wafer d. Switch SWM, wafer a. Amend "a" to read "b." Amend all contact numbers to read one more. Switch SWM, wafer b. Amend "b" to read "a." Amend all contact numbers to read one less. At 9 points in circuit, where arrows indicating connecting wires are shown, make corresponding corrections, e.g., Arrow "To SWM b 5" should read "To SWM a 4," and "To SWM a 4" should read "To SWM b 5." Valve V6. Re-draw upper anode as a cathode. Component Identification strip—Miscellaneous—For "L1 L1 L1" read "L1 L2 L3." Relay contacts of RLF. Amend contact "d" to read "4." C73. Amend position in circuit to be Letween R77 and SWL 12, connecting R76 to earth. L7. Amend position to tap "C" to the centre turn of inductor. L8. ,, ,, ,, L9. ,, ,, ,, lower ,, ,, Table top left corner. Line 7, col. 4 to read Ig V4 and V5. Fig. 3. Transformer TR1. Re-label terminal "e" as "f." Fig. 4.

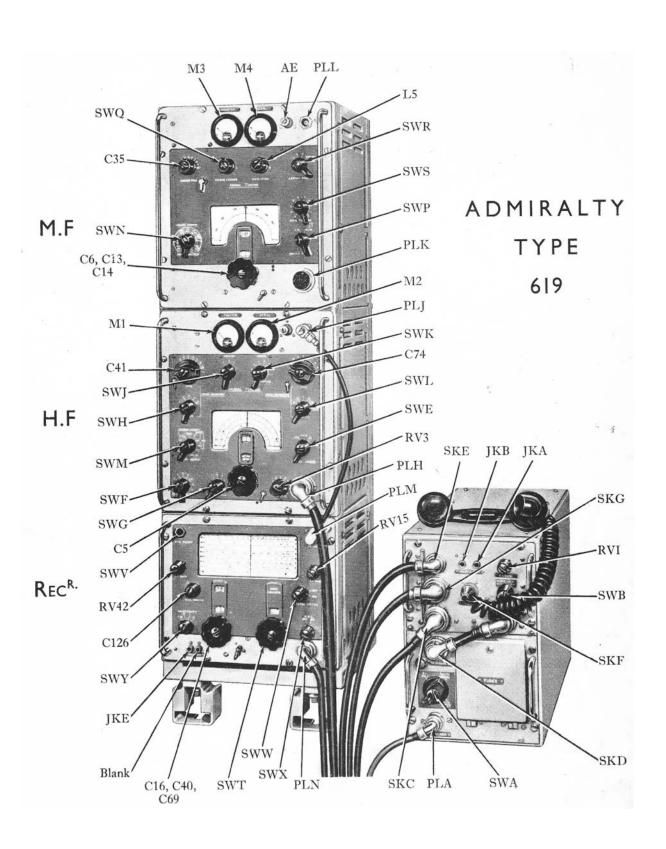
" " "f" as "e."

ERRATA No. 2

- Page 2. Paragraph 4 (b), line 1. After "wire" insert "except earth leads."
- Page 4. Paragraph 10, Aerial Metering Circuit, line 2. For "L20" read "L22."
- Page 14. Paragraph 2, line 1. For "0.24 amps" read "0.42 amps."
- Page 15. Paragraph 4, table column 5, lines 9 and 10. For "215" read "210."
- Page 16. Paragraph 8, table column 5, Range 1. For "throughout band" read "at top of band."
- Page 16. Paragraph 9, line 1. For "1.5 Mc/s" read "3.3 Mc/s."
- Fig. 3. In 2 places amend value of R24 to read 47K.
 - ,, ,, ,, ,, R25 ,, ,, 220K.
 - ,, ,, ,, ,, R27 ,, ,, 220K.

Delete completely C27 and its connections.

Amend connection from C20 to be to R16.



ABRIDGED DESCRIPTION.

1. An equipment can be supplied as either Type 619, or Type 619H, with or without Receiver Outfit CAT in addition. There are four main units, the table shewing which of the above includes which.

Power Pack
H.F Transmitter 1.5 - 16 Mc/s, 40 watt.
M.F Transmitter 330 - 550 kc/s, 15 watt.
Receiver 60 kc/s - 30 Mc/s.

619	619 H	САТ	A.P. No.
V	V		100340
V	V	- A SALANA A	100337
V	4.00		100338
		V	100339

POWER PACK

This has two chassis, upper and lower, numbered 2 and 1 respectively.

- 2. Chassis No. 1 Front Panel. (See Frontispiece).
 - PLA Input of 50 c/s A.C, Single Phase, 450 watts, 100 125 volts or 200 250 volts.

 See that soldered connections to all three transformers on underside of chassis are for the correct voltage. See that Fuses 1 6 and 12 13 are for correct voltage. (Details are on Fig. 1).

 FS12, FS13, LP1 across mains input.
 - SWA A.C. Mains Switch, 4 position click switch.

Posn.	Transformers connected	Outputs	Services Supplied
1		- 1 gardina	OFF
2	TR1 (FS1 - 2)	+245 D.C. 6.3 A.C.	Receiver (SKE)
3	add TR3 (FS5 - 6)	6.3 A.C.	adds Transmitter Heaters (SKG)
4	add TR2 (FS3 - 4)	+500 D.C. † +300 D.C. - 50 D.C. bias - 50 D.C. relay	adds Transmitter H.T. (SKG) ON

† Output is in two parts, one fully filtered, one partly filtered.

Interconnection between upper and lower chassis is by 18-core cable between SKD and PLB.

POWER PACK

3. Chassis No. 2 Front Panel. (See Frontispiece).

Outputs to Receiver, 12 core lead.

SKG -Outputs to either H.F. or M.F. Transmitter, 18 core lead.

SKC Outputs to Remote Control, 25 core lead.

SWB Remote/Local Switch. Keying, microphone and headphones.

Note. Local headphones always in circuit.

JKA Local morse key jack.

JKB Local headphones jack, 100Ω .

JKD Loudspeaker jack, 600Ω .

SKF Local microphone socket.

RV1 Audio Gain control across headphone leads.

The upper chassis contains 5 relays:-

RLD Operated by -50 volt bias supply and SWC.

RLA " RLD and 300 volt supply.

RLB RLA and 500 volt supply.

RLC " SWE and bias supply.

RLE " RLC and SWD and bias supply. This assumes that 5 terminal cross-connections, shewn in Fig. 1 in the Equipment Junction Box, or their equivalent if this is not fitted, are made. \

4. Wiring Identification Code.

indicates D.C. supply positive to chassis. , D.C. supply negative to chassis. (a) Coloured coverings to wires. Red

White

A.C. heater circuits. Brown Black Earth leads.

Blue A.C. mains leads.

Orange Microphone operating circuits.

Pink All other wiring.

(b) Terminal numbering sleeves. Every end of every wire is identified by short coloured sleeves placed on the covering, the colour indicating a digit as follows:-

Black Green Brown 1 Blue 6 7 Red 2 Violet 8 Orange 3 Grey 4 Yellow White

The digital value is also printed on the sleeve to assist the colour blind.

The number is read starting from the end of the wire, or joint; e.g., Wire 73 will have a Violet sleeve at the end, with an Orange one touching it. These numbers correspond with those on the diagram.

Valves.

Description	Circuit No.	Circuit Function	Commercial Type	Admiralty Type
Rectifier	V1, V2	Receiver, H.T.	R17	CV 2218
,,	V3, V4	Transmitter, 500 volts	53 KU	CV 378
"	V5	,, 300 ,,	6X4	CV 493
,,	V6	,, , bias -50 ,,	6X4	CV 493
,,	V7	Relay, -50 ,,	6X4	CV 493
			!	

TRANSMITTER H.F

6. Salient Features.

Frequency Range.

Range 1
Range 2
Range 3 $1.5 - 3.3 \, \text{Mc/s}.$ $3.3 - 7.3 \, \text{Mc/s}.$ Master Oscillator control.

7.3 - 16 Mc/s.

Crystal control.

Any eight spot frequencies between 1.5 Mc/s. and 16 Mc/s. Crystal 0.75 Mc/s. to 8 Mc/s.

Services.

CW, MCW, R/T.

Power Radiated.

40 watts.

Operation.

Simplex, with listening through on a single aerial.

7. Power Supplies. The inputs from the power pack at PLH are allocated:—

	Sup	ply			Anodes	Screens	Grids	Cathodes
Fully Filtered Partly Filtered					V9, V10, V11, V12 V4, V5	V10, V11, V12	The second secon	
	300	,,		{	V1, V3, V6, V8, V7 heptode	V4,V5,V8,V9, V7 heptode		
Stabilised	150	,,	(from V6)		V7 triode			į
	-50	,,	Bias	-	·		V4, V5, V9	V2
	6.3	,,			Two supplies, about	equal, to heaters	3	
	-50	,,	Relay		Aerial changeover and	d keying relays		

8. Valves.

Description	Circuit No.	Circuit Function	Commercial Type	Admiralty Type
- The state of the		Modulator	Market and 1990 As to go and debuttered and 1990 Assessment and a second and a second and a second assessment of the second	
Double Triode	V1	MCW Osc'r., Voice Pre-Amp'r.	12AX7	CV 492
,, Diode	V2	Limiter	EB91	CV 140
,, Triode	V3	Phase Splitter	12AX7	CV 492
2 Beam Tetrodes	V4, V5	Power Amplifier	$5\mathrm{B}/251\mathrm{M}$	CV 428
		Carrier		
Triode Heptode	V7	Master Osc'r., Freq. Doubler	ECH81	CV 2128
Beam Tetrode	V8	Buffer Amplifier	5763	CV 2129
R.F. Pentode	V9	Clamp	EF91	CV 138
3 Beam Tetrodes	V10, 11, 12	Power Amplifier	5B/251M	CV 428
Stabilovolt	V6	Stabiliser	QS150/15	CV 287

H.F TRANSMITTER

9 Front Panel Controls. (See Frontispiece).

SWE	 Service Switch.	Selects CW, MCW, or R/T.
SWF	 Crystal Switch.	Selects one of 8 crystals, or master oscillator.

SWG - Range Switch. Selects coil in 3 tuned circuits of V7 and V8, 2 in aerial monitor.

C5 — Tuning Capacitor. Ganged for 3 tuned circuits of V7 and V8, 2 in aerial monitor.

SWH — Anode Condenser Coarse. §
C41 — ,, ,, Fine. §
SWJ — Aerial Tuning Coil *
SWK — ,, ,, Coil Tapping.*
SWL — Aerial Condenser Coarse. † *

Tune aerial matching unit.

† Clockwise position selects dummy aerial.

C74 — " Fine *

RV3 — Mod. level. Controls RV3 in grid circuit of V1.

SWM — Meter Switch Selects one of eleven positions to be monitored.

10. R/F Circuit. (See fig 2).

V7. Triode section works at half final frequency. Tuned circuit is Hartley oscillator for M-O. but coil disconnected from grid in crystal control. Crystal, when connected, is between grid

and earth.

Heptode section is grid fed via C8 from triode anode. Selects second harmonic i.e., final

frequency, in tuned anode circuit.

V8. Grid is capacity fed through C23. Amplifier stage. Also isolates V7 from power amplifier

stage. Anode tapped down on tuned circuit. Coupled to P.A. Stage via C32.

V10. V11. V12. R56, R62, and R66 are grid parasite stoppers. H.T. fed through secondary of modulation transformer and RF choke L10. Screens fed through R65 and at V9 anode potential. Cathode biassed positive to earth by R59, R60, R61, proportional to total current drawn.

Feeds aerial matching circuit through C42.

V9. Grid at a potential between that of P.A. cathodes and -50 volts through RV3, R68, R70, dependent upon RV3 adjustment and P.A. current. Normal adjustment slightly negative. If P.A. current rises, V9 grid goes positive, V9 anode current rises and potential drops, decreasing P.A. screen potential. This sets a safe maximum to P.A. cathode current when

aerial is detuned.

Aerial Matching. Circuit is a π filter with C41 and switchable C43 to C48 across input, and C74 and switchable

C49 to C72 across output. Coils L11, L12, L13 can be selected and tapped, and on range

3, L14.

RLF Connects aerial to transmitter or receiver to provide listening through.

RLG. Removes short circuit between anode and cathode of V7. Earths grid and cathode circuits

of V8, and cathode circuit of V10, V11, V12.

Aerial Metering

Circuit.

Used when tuning aerial matching unit. Has two tuned circuits, one capacity coupled to aerial via C76 to C79, the other inductively coupled by L20. Capacitors of both are ganged to the circuits of V7, V8. These feed via crystal rectifiers into common meter M2. Meter therefore reads the sum of a voltage and a current indication, which ensures a reasonable reading on both high and low impedance aerials.

^{*} Anticlockwise position selects maximum value.

[§] Anticlockwise position selects minimum value.

H.F TRANSMITTER

11. Modulation Circuit.

V1. One half acts as pre amplifier in R/T, fed through low pass filter FL1.

Other half acts as phase shift oscillator at 1,000 c/s in MCW, the phase shift network being

C10 - C12, R15 - R17.

Service Switch SWEba connects C6 accross R8 in R/T, R14 in MCW, and neither in

C.W. position.

First cathode is fed through C19 on R/T; and R10, C19 on MCW. Cathodes biassed V2.

negatively from potentiometer chain R26, RV4, R24. Anodes earthed. Acts as a limiter, valve conducting whilst anodes are positive to cathodes. Coupling between two halves of

valve due to common anode load R23.

V3. Second half of valve has grid at audio earth by C26. Valve fed through C21, and so has

first half grid fed, and second half cathode fed, thereby acting as phase splitter.

Grids fed through C30 and C31, and have fixed bias from potentiometer R40, R41. Valves in class AB1 operation. Anodes feed through primary of TR1, impressing modulation

on HT of PA valves V10, V11, V12 passing through its secondary.

TR1. Transformer has monitoring winding feeding through MR1 to M1.

12. Aerial Tuning Instructions.

- (a) Set SWE to CW; SWH, SWJ, SWK, SWL, C41, C74 fully anticlockwise; SWM to "P.A. Total."
- (b) Press morse key.

V4. V5.

- (c) Swing C41 to get a dip in M1. It should be down to about 100 μa.
- (d) If no dip put SWK to B, C, D, etc., and repeat (c).
- (e) If still no dip, put SWJ to 2, and repeat (c and d), and then to 3, until dip is obtained.

(f) Turn SWL and or C74 clockwise, and at each change retune to dip by turning SWH and or C41 clockwise. Continue until current on dip is, for R/T or MCW 300 μa, and for CW 350 - 400 μa. When acrial is correctly loaded meter M2 should read between 40 µa and 450 µa, and its peak should correspond approximately with the dip in M1.

13. Modulation Gain Adjustment.

- (a) When aerial circuit is tuned, set SWE to R/T, SWM to "Limiter," and RV3 fully clockwise.
- (b) Speak into microphone the continuous letter aaaaaaa, and turn RV3 anticlockwise until reading of M1 starts to fall.

14. Switching On.

- (a) Connect aerial, power supply plug, morse key, headphones, microphone.
- (b) Select frequency, and crystal or master oscillator, and set all tuning controls, including aerial, to this frequency.
- (c) Select CW, MCW, or R/T.
- (d) Select Remote or Local Control.
- (e) Make SWA on Power Pack.

Description

M.F TRANSMITTER.

15. Salient Features.

Frequency Range.

330 to 550 kc/s.

Services.

CW, MCW.

Power Radiated.

15 watts.

Operation.

Simplex, with listening through on a single aerial.

16. Power Supplies. The inputs from the power pack at PLK are allocated:—

Supply	Anode	Screen	Grid
Fully Filtered 500 volts Partly Filtered 500 ,, 300 ,, -50 ,, Bias	V3†, V4, V5 V8, V9 V1, V2, V6, V7	V3†, V4†, V5† V1, V2, V8, V9	V3, V8, V9
6.3 ,,		out equal, to the heate	ers.
-50 ,, Relay	Aerial changeover	and keying relays RI	J and RLH.

[†] Through R50.

17. Valves.

Description	Circuit No.	Circuit Function	Commercial Type	Admiralty Type
		Carrier		
R.F. Pentode	V1	Master Oscillator	EF91	CV 138
Beam Tetrode	V2	Buffer Amplifier	5763	CV 2129
R.F. Pentode	V3	Clamp	EF91	CV 138
2 Tetrodes	V4, V5	Power Amplifier Modulator	5B/251M	CV 428
Pentode	V6	MCW Oscillator	EF91	CV 138
Double Triode	V7	Phase Splitter	12AX7	CV 492
2 Tetrodes	V8, V9	Power Amplifier	5B/251M	CV 428

18. Front Panel Controls. (See Frontispiece).

		(See 1 rommiples	
SWP	 .	Service Switch.	Selects CW or MCW.
C6, 13, 14	_	Tuning Condenser.	Ganged to tune circuits of V1 and aerial metering.
SWQ		Condenser Coarse*	
C35	-	Condenser Fine §	
sws	_	Coil Tapping. †	Tune aerial matching unit.
L5		Coil Fine. †	
SWR		Aerial Condenser *	Fourth position selects dummy aerial.
SWN		Meter Switch.	Selects one of ten positions to be monitored by M3.

^{*} Anticlockwise position selects zero value

[†] Anticlockwise position selects maximum value

[§] Anticlockwise position selects minimum value

M.F TRANSMITTER

19. R/F Circuit. (See Fig. 3).

V1.	energy Miles	Electron coupled Hartley oscillator with tuned circuit between grid and screened grid, part
		of coil tapped off to cathode. Screen grid is potentiometer fed (R23, R24). Anode circuit
		has resistance load R21.

V2. — Grid is capacity fed through C23. Amplifier stage. Also isolates V1 from Power Amplifier stage. R.F. choke L3 used as anode load. Screen grid is potentiometer fed (R34, R33).

V4, V5. — Power Amplifiers in Class C operation, with grids capacity fed through C29. Self bias derived from cathode resistance, and grid bias due to grid current. Anode receives H.T. through R.F. choke L4 and modulation transformer secondary. Screens fed through R50 and at V3 anode potential.

Parasite stoppers fitted in anode, screen, and cathode leads. Feeds aerial matching circuit through C34.

V3. — Grid at a potential between P.A. cathodes and -50 volts through RV48, R47, R37, R28, dependent upon RV48 pre-set adjustment and P.A. cathode current. Normal adjustment negative. If P.A. current rises, V3 grid goes positive, and V3 anode current rises and potential falls, decreasing P.A. screen potential. This sets a safe maximum to the P.A. cathode current when aerial is detuned.

With morse key up, additional positive voltage impressed on V3 grid from +300 volts, via contact of RLH1, R36.

Aerial Matching. Circuit is a π filter with C35 and switchable C36 to C43 across the input, and switchable C45, C46 across output. Coil L5 has tappings and variometer adjustment.

RLJ. — Connects aerial to transmitter or receiver to provide listening through.

RLH. — Disconnects +300 H.T. line from V3 grid circuit, and connects it to anode of V1.

Aerial Metering
Circuit.

Used when tuning aerial matching circuit to oscillator frequency. Tuned circuit L1, C6, C9,
C10 is ganged to tuned circuit of V1. Capacity coupled to aerial by C1, C2, C3. Feeds
meter M4 through crystal rectifier.

20. Modulation Circuits.

V6. — Connected as a phase shift oscillator at 1,000 c/s. the network being C5 R2, C7 R3, C8 R5. Coupled to V7 through C47, R10, RV11, R12, C15.

V7. — First half of phase splitter is grid fed, second half cathode fed, since second grid is at audio earth through C21.

V8, V9. — Grids fed through C19, C20, and have fixed bias from potentiometer R28, R26.

Valves in Class AB1 operation. Anodes fed through primary of TR1. Modulation impressed on H.T. of P.A. valves V4, V5, passing through TR1 secondary. Modulation level adjusted by pre-set RV11.

Service Switching. In CW the screens of V6, V8, and V9 are disconnected from +300 H.T. by SWP.

21. Aerial Tuning Instructions.

- (a) Set SWN to P.A. total, SWP to C.W, SWQ to 2, SWR to 3, C35 fully clockwise, SWS and L5 fully anti-clockwise, tuning dial to required frequency. Press morse key.
- (b) Swing L5 to get a dip in M3. If no dip repeat with SWS on stops B and C.
- (c) If no dip, turn SWR to 2, SWS back to A, and repeat (b) with SWS on stops A to G.
- (d) If no dip, turn SWR to 1, SWS back to A, and repeat again until dip is found.
- (e) If SWR is on 2 or 3, reduce one stop and attempt to retune by turning SWS towards A and swinging L5. This is not always possible, but try to get SWR to stop 1 whenever practicable. Note readings of M3 and M4.
- (f) Attempt to get a higher peak reading on M4 for dip reading of M3 by turning C35 + SWQ clockwise or anticlockwise, retuning by turning L5 + SWS in the same direction. Direction will be clockwise when M3 dip reading is low, and anticlockwise when it is high. Correct dip reading is about 200 μa.

Description

RECEIVER OUTFIT CAT

22. Salient Features.

Sensitivity.

Frequency	Input for 2 in db		Signal/Noise for those inputs		
	MCW	CW	Selectivity	Ratio	
60 - 160 kc/s.		30	Narrow	10 db	
160 - 1500 kc/s.	30	30	Int.	16 db	
1.5 - 10 Mc/s.	20	16	Wide	10-20 db	
10 - 32 Mc/s.	36	26	Wide	25 db	

I.F Selectivity when operating as single superheterodyne, expressed as a bandwidth.

1.0 kc/s.	700 c/s.
3.0 ,,	1.1 kc/s.
10.0 ,,	9.5 ,,
	3.0 ,,

Power Outputs. 2 watts into 600 Ω load, and 60 mW into 100 Ω load.

23. Valves.

.		Circuit	Function	0	Inter-	
Description	Circuit No.	Ranges 1, 2, 4, 5	Commercial Type	service Type		
R.F Pentode	V1	R.F amplifier high slope va	riable μ	6BA6	CV 454	
Triode Heptode	V2{Hep Tri	1st mixer to 460 kc/s. Xtal circuit oscillator	1st mixer to 1.4 Mc/s. Xtal circuit oscillator	ECH81	CV 2128	
Triode	V3	1st oscr. (Signal + 460kc/s.)	1st oscr. (Signal +1.4Mc/s.)	6C4	CV 133	
Triode Heptode	V4 { Hep Tri	Amplifier	2nd mixer to 460 kc/s. 2nd oscillator at 1.86Mc/s.	ECH81	CV 2128	
R.F Pentode	V5 V6	Amplifiers low slope va	riable μ	EF92	CV 131	
Double Diode	V7	Diode 1 - Signal Rectifie	r, diode 2-A.G.C rectifier	EB91	CV 140	
,, ,,	V8	Both used in Noise Lin	miter action	EB91	CV 140	
Pentode	V9	A.F amplifier		EF92	CV 131	
Beam Tetrode	V10	High Slope Output Per	High Slope Output Pentode			
Stabilovolt	V11	Voltage Stabiliser	QS150/45	CV 395		
Pentode	V12	Beat Frequency Oscilla	tor	EF92	CV 131	

24. **Power Supplies.** H.T. Potential, either 245 volts, or Stabilised at 150 volts from V11, is fed to the valves through the resistances as detailed in the table:—

Valve V1		V2		V4		V5	V6	V9	V10	7711	V12	
vaive VI	Нер	Tri	V 3	Hep	Tri	V 5	VO	V 9	V10	V11	V12	
Anode	245 R5	245 R23	Stab. R13, R12	Stab. R13, R4	245 R39, L35	Stab. R28, R34	245 R47, L38	245 R50, L42	245 R41, R38	245 TR6	245 R1	Stab. R63, R61
Screen	Stab. R7	Stab. R17			Stab. R28, R27		245 R47	245 R50	245 R40	245 R64		Stab. R63, R62

25. Front Panel Controls. (See Frontispiece)

SWT Band Switch. Selects one of 8 frequency bands. 9 wafer switch. C16, 40, 69 Tuning Condensers. Tune aerial, 1st mixer, 1st oscillator circuits. Selectivity Switch. Wide, Intermediate, Narrow, or Very Narrow. 3 wafer switch. SWY SWVB.F.O. Switch. On/Off. C126 Tuning. **RV15** R.F Gain control when A.G.C is Off. RV42. A.F Gain control. **SWW** Crystal Switch. On/Off. On-Gain Control Automatic. Off-Gain Control by RV15. SWX

26. Detail of Switch SWT, wafer functions.

The wafers are lettered alphabetically from front to back.

Circuit and Valves	Wafer	Function				
Aerial Circuit V1	q r s t	Short circuits unused inductors. Connects selected inductor to V1 heptode grid via C12. Connects C10 to earth on ranges 6, 7, 8. Connects C9 on ranges 1, 2, 4. Short circuits FL1 on ranges 3, 5. Connects coupling inductor to aerial on ranges 6 - 8.				
1st Oscillator Circuit V3 e f f g h j		Short circuits unused tuning inductors. Adds C38 on ranges 6, 7. Connects selected tuned circuit to V3 anode via C39. Short circuits R3 on range 8 to increase V3 anode volts. Switches C40. Short circuits unused coupling windings. Connects selected coupling winding to V3 grid via C17, R11.				
1st Mixer Circuit V2	l m n	Short circuits unused secondaries. Adds C62 on ranges 6, 7, and C63 on 8. Connects selected secondary to V2 heptode grid via C64. Short circuits unused primaries. Switches in L19, C45 on ranges 3, 6. Connects selected primary to V1 anode.				
Selection of I.F Transformers V2 to V4	a b c d	Short circuits unused L30 or L32. Short circuits C90 to earth on ranges 1, 2, 4, 5. Connects used TR4 or TR5 secondary to V4 heptode grid via C79. Short circuits unused L31 or L29. Connects used TR4 or TR5 primary to V2 heptode anode.				

27. Detail of Switch SWY, wafer functions.

Circuit and Valves	Wafer	Function
Coupling V4 - V5	b	Puts L37 in series with L36 in W.
Coupling V5 - V6	c d {	Puts C102 in circuit in VN. Puts L40 in series with L39 in W. Earths Xtal gate circuit input in W and I. Connects Xtal gate circuit input across TR2 secondary in N. , , , , , , half TR2 secondary in VN. Connects { Secy. of TR2 in W and I Xtal gate output in N and VN } to V6 grid via C112. Connects C107 in N, C108 in VN.

28. Aerial Circuit. Aerial is coupled to the tuned circuit on ranges 1 - 5 by C10 in series with C11, and on ranges 6, 7, 8 by low impedance coupling to L6, L7, L8 respectively.

 $Tuned\ circuit\ consists\ of \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} C16 & Variable\ tuning\ condenser. \\ one\ of\ L1\ -\ L8. \\ one\ of\ C1\ -\ C8. \\ C11. \end{array} \right. \quad Variable\ tuning\ condenser. \\ Inductors\ pre-set\ by\ iron\ dust\ cores. \\ Pre-set\ air\ spaced\ trimmers\ across\ L1\ -\ L8. \\ Extra\ parallel\ trimmer\ on\ ranges\ 6,\ 7,\ 8. \end{array}$

Tuned circuit is coupled to V1 grid via C12 and R6.

Filter FL1, tuned to 460 kc/s is in series with aerial lead, acting as an I.F attenuator, except on ranges 3, 5.

29. **1st Mixer Circuit.** Coupling between V1 anode and V2 heptode grid is by R.F. Transformer, and is of the high impedance type. The primaries of L20-L27 have fixed tuning to a frequency about half that of the lowest frequency of their ranges. L20 - L25 are tuned by C54 - C59 across them, and L26, L27 by stray capacity. The secondary windings of L20 - L27 are pre-set by iron dust cores. C46 - C53 are pre-set secondary trimmers. C60, C62, C63 are additional parallel trimmers on ranges 5, 6, 7, 8 respectively.

C69 is secondary tuning condenser.

L19, C45 form a series filter in parallel with the primary of the R.F transformer, tuned to 1.4 Mc/s., to attenuate I.F signals on ranges 3 and 6.

C61 is used to increase the gain of this stage at the high frequency end of each range.

30. 1st Oscillator Circuit. This is of the tuned anode type.

The tuned circuit consists of $\begin{cases} & \text{One of main windings L10 - L17 pre-set by iron dust cores.} \\ & \text{One of C19 - C26 pre-set airspaced trimmers.} \\ & \text{One of C27 - C34 padding condensers.} \\ & \text{C40 Two section tuning condenser.} \end{cases}$

The tuned circuit is connected to the anode via C39, and the coupling winding of L10 - L17 in use is connected to the grid via C17.

C37, L18 form a booster circuit to increase the oscillatory voltage at the L.F end of range 8.

R11 eliminates squegging at the H.F end of the higher frequency bands.

The output from V3 is fed to the switch SWW.

- 31. Crystal Switch SWW. This switch has two functions:—
 - (a) It connects Stabilised H.T. to V2 triode anode in On position, and to V3 anode in Off position.
 - (b) In Off position, it connects output from 1st oscillator V3 anode, via C65 to grid of V2 triode.

 In On position V2 triode is a crystal oscillator of the "Pierce" type, with the crystal frequency the appropriate I.F away from the desired signal frequency. SWW connects the crystal between anode and grid.

- 32. **V2-V4 Circuit.** I.F., Output from V2 heptode anode is 460 kc/s on ranges 1, 2, 4, 5,; and 1.4 Mc/s on ranges 3, 6, 7, 8; and is fed to primary of TR5 or TR4 respectively, whose secondaries are connected to V4 heptode grid. For switch detail see para 26. Primaries and secondaries have preset iron dust cores.
- 33. **2nd Mixer Circuit.** On ranges 3, 6, 7, 8, V4 triode circuit oscillates at 1.86 Mc/s as 2nd oscillator, "Colpitts" type, with tuned circuit L34, C89, C90, coupled to grid by C87 R32, and anode by C88 R34. L34 has pre-set iron dust core. A filter, L33, C86 (both pre-set), attenuate its 2nd Harmonic.

On ranges 1, 2, 4, 5, V4 triode circuit does not oscillate because C89 is short circuited to earth, and V4 heptode, therefore, becomes an I.F amplifier.

On all ranges, output from V4 heptode anode is at 460 kc/s, and is fed to primary of TR3.

- 34. **I.F Stages V4-V5-V6.** The selectivity switch SWY governs the transformer coupling of these two stages. It has 4 positions, Wide, Intermediate, Narrow, Very Narrow.
 - (a) WIDE. Extra link windings L37, L40, increase the coupling between primary and secondary of TR3 and TR2 respectively. Junction of C104 C105, connected to V6 grid through C112.
 - (b) Intermediate. Coupling between primary and secondary of TR3 and TR2 is the normal mutual inductance. Junction C104, C105, still connected to V6 grid through C112.
 - (c) NARROW. Top of TR2 secondary connected to junction of XL2, XL3, connecting this band pass crystal filter, of peak separation about 500 c/s, between TR2 secondary and the balanced split tuned circuit L41, C109, C110, C111. Coupling to V6 grid through C112 is from output of the tuned circuit.
 - (d) VERY NARROW. The circuit is as for NARROW except that the junction of C104, C105, is connected to crystal gate centre point, so the gate circuit is fed from half of TR2 secondary only.

C106 is pre-set neutralising condenser in N and VN.

C107 ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, N.

C108 ,, ,, ,, ,, VN.

C102 is condenser to compensate for difference in tuning of TR2 secondary when this is tapped halfway down in VN, W, and 1.

- 35. Rectifier Diode V7. Output from V6 anode is transformer coupled by TR1 (pre-set iron dust cores) to one diode anode of V7 (Signal Diode). This diode cathode is earthed. The diode load is R54, RV53 (pre-set), R52. A.F output taken from junction between R52 and RV53, to V8.
- 36. **Beat Frequency Oscillator V12.** This is an electron coupled oscillator on 460 kc/s, variable by about plus or minus 5 kc/s by tuning condenser C126. L44 has pre-set iron dust core.

The oscillator is switched on by SWV applying H.T. to anode. Used for CW only.

Output is fed via C128 to signal diode of V7.

The heater lead is choked by L45, and by pass C127, to isolate oscillation.

- 37. Noise Limiter, V8. Rectified signal is fed to one anode. Other anode is fed from the pre-set clipping level control RV53, and is held steady by large condenser C99 to earth. Noise pulses above the pre-determined level will for the instant drive one diode to a non-conducting, and the other to a conducting condition.
- 38. **A.F Circuits, V9, V10.** Audio voltage from cathodes of V8 is fed via C98, RV42, to reach V9 grid via C95, R37. Thus RV42 controls proportion of audio voltage tapped off. V9 is "RC" coupled to V10 via C84, R26.

A large negative feedback from V10 anode applied to V9 cathode by R31, C81. This keeps the audio output voltage in secondary of output transformer TR6 constant with varying loads.

Description

RECEIVER OUTFIT CAT

39. A.G.C, R.F Gain Control, and Muting Relay RLK.

A.G.C voltage is applied to 2nd diode anode of V7 from V6 anode via C122.

Cathode of this diode has a delay voltage applied from 245 volt H.T. via R51, R55.

The diode load is composed of R57, R56.

Full A.G.C voltage is fed via R58, SWXb to grids of V4, V5.

Half A.G.C voltage is fed via R59, SWXb to grid of V1.

R.F Gain Control, RV15, only operates when A.G.C switch SWX is at Off. A variable bias tapped off chain, R21, RV22, RV15, between +245, volts and earth, is applied through SWXb to unoperated contact of RLK, and so to cathodes of V1, V4, V5.

Muting Relay RLK. This operates when transmitter key is pressed, and then applies a bias, pre-set by RV22, through operated contact of RLK, to cathodes of V1, V4, V5.

40. Radiation.

Ten screened R/F filters (C131 to C150, L46 to L55) in all leads entering at PLN and JKE prevent external radiation.

TESTING

The information herein covers the progressive checking of the complete chassis in successive stages, each stage assuming that the previous ones have been carried out, and been found correct, or aligned, as appropriate. It does not cover testing of individual components, or sub assemblies.

It has not been found possible, in time for this interim publication, to translate all tests into those capable of being performed with known instruments available in ships. In such cases, it may be found necessary to adapt or omit them.

Testing

POWER PACK

1. Resistance Check At all sockets and plugs.

All readings taken with Avometer Model 7, upper and lower chassis disconnected.

SKD — A - 100K, B - 45K, C - 100K, M - 0, N - 0, remainder infinity.

PLB — C-50K, D-27K, M-0, N-0, O-22K, remainder infinity.

SKE – J-22K, M-0, remainder infinity.

SKG — A - 45K, B - 45K, D - 27K, K - 28K, M - 0, O - 22K, Q - 3.5K or infinity, remainder infinity.

SKC - C-0, J-22K, K-0, M-27K, Y-0, remainder infinity.

2. Consumption. Valves removed - no load. Input 230 volts - 0.24 amps. ,, inserted - full ,, ,, 230 ,, - 2.0 ,,

3. Outputs.

Socket	Terminal	No Load	All loads connected
SKE	A - B	7.4 volts	6.3 volts at 4.7 amps.
	C - D	7.4 ,,	6.3 ,, ,, 4.7 ,,
	E	405 ,,	260 ,, ,, 0.112 ,,
SKG	A	750 volts	500 volts at 0.115 amps.
	B	750 ,,	490 ,, ,, 0.076 ,,
	C	400 ,,	305 ,, ,, 0.055 ,,
	D	73 ,,	49 ,, ,, 0.050 ,,
	E	7.5 ,,	6.3 ,, 4.5 ,,
	F	7.5 ,,	6.3 ,, 4.5 ,,
	O - P	78 ,,	50 ,, 0.032 ,,

H.F TRANSMITTER

4. Meter M1, Switch SWM. For the switch positions indicated, apply the voltages stated in column 2, where stated in column 3, adjust as in column 4, and the meter M1 should read as per column 5.

Switch Position	Volts Applied	Position	Adjustment external meter	M1 Reading	
H.T. 500 H.T. 300 V10 V11 V12 PA Total IG V8 V4 V5 LIMITER	500 D.C. 300 D.C. 0.6 D.C. approx.	+PLH contact (A) —Chassis +PLH " (C) —Chassis across R55 " R58 " R67 " R59, R60 " R46 " R32 " R53 " R52 " TR1 monitor winding	current to 40 ma ,, ,, 40 ,, ,, ,, 80 ,, ,, ,, 5 ,, ,, ,, 15 ,, ,, ,, 40 ,, ,, ,, 40 ,, ,, ,, 40 ,,	245 µa 315 ,, 210 ,, 210 ,, 210 ,, 210 ,, 215 ,, 215 ,, 215 ,, 175 ,,	

5. Check the mechanical alignment of C5 with its pointer and scale.

6. Voltages at Valves.

Set RV5 to centre position, SWE to CW, SWF to M - O, connect PLH to SKG.

Switch on. Check voltages at valves to be approximately as given in para 14, making allowance for transmitter being unaligned.

7. Alignment frequency control stage (V7).

Couple up a wavemeter covering the range of the transmitter to the middle compartment of the coil assembly. Set SWE to CW, SWF to M - O. Switch on and press key. Adjust the trimmers of the components indicated in the table below, for low frequency or maximum loudness, as indicated, completing one range at a time.

Range SWG	Frequency C5	1st Adj. to low audio note	2nd Adj. to max. loudness	Subsequent Adjustment for low audio note (almost zero)
1	(a) 1.5 Mc/s. (b) 3.3 ,,	L1 C2	L4 C20	$\left.\begin{array}{c} L1 \\ C2 \end{array}\right. \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Adjustments are repeated on alternate frequencies until the reading of wavemeter} \\ \text{agrees with C5 within 1,000 c/s.} \end{array} \right.$
2	(a) 3.3 ,, (b) 7.3 ,,	L2 C3	L5 C18	} L2 ditto
3	(a) 7.3 ,, (b) 16 ,,	L3 C4	L6 C17	

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8. Alignment of buffer amplifier stage (V8).

Set SWE to CW, SWM to IG P.A., SWF to M - O, switch on and press key. Adjust trimmers as in the table below to give maximum reading of M1.

Range SWG	Frequency C5	1st Adjust.	2nd Adjust.	Subsequent
1	(a) 1.5 Mc/s. (b) 3.3 ,,	L7 C29	L4 C20	Repeat (a) and (b) alternately to get maximum deflection. Check that drive exceeds 100 μa throughout band.
2	(a) 3.3 ,, (b) 7.3 ,,	L8 C28	L5 C18	ditto
3	(a) 7.3 ,, (b) 16 ,,	L9 C27	L6 C17	} ditto

9. Adjustment of Clamp Valve (V9) circuit.

Set SWE to CW, SWF to M - O, SWM to P.A. Total, SWG to 1, C5 to 1.5 Mc/s. Check that aerial is detuned, switch on and press key. Adjust RV5 until M1 reads 450 μa .

10. Alignment of Aerial Indicator Circuits.

Set SWE to CW, SWF to M - O, SWM to P.A. Total, SWL to Dummy load, switch on and press key. With the settings in cols. 1 to 7, M1 should read as in col. 8. Then adjust trimmers as in cols 9 and 10 for maximum deflection of M2.

Range	Freq.	Anode		Coil		Aerial Fine	P.A. Total	Adjust.		Subacquently		
SWG	C5	Coarse SWH	Fine C41	Coarse SWJ	Fine SWK	C47	M1	Aujust. Subsequenti		Subsequently		
1	(a) 1.5 (b) 3.3	4 3	2 4	1 2	D E	10	340 350	L16 C80	L19 C85	Repeat (a) and (b)		
2	(a) 3.3 (b) 7.3	3 2	4 4.5	2 3	E A	4 4	360 350	L17 C81	L20 C86	} " " " "		
3	(a) 7.3 (b) 16	2 1	4.5 4	3 3	A F	4 8.5	350 350	L18 C82	L21 C87	} " " " "		

11. Power Output measurement.

Set SWE to CW, SWF to M-O, SWM to P.A. Total, SWL to Dummy Load, Switch on and press key. Load up transmitter according to cols. 1 to 7, adjust anode fine and aerial fine controls to give a dip in M1, and adjust dip to give a maximum in M2, vide description, para 12.

The maximum on M2 should be approximately as given in column 9.

Panco	Range Freq.		de	Co	oil	Aerial Fine	P.A. Total	
SWG	C5	Coarse SWH	Fine C41	Coarse SWJ	Fine SWK	C74	M1	М2
1	1.5 2.0 3.3	4 3 3	2 9 4	1 1 2	D G E	10 6 4	340 350 350	420 350 260
2	3.3 4.5 7.3	3 2 2	4 7 4.5	2 2 3	E G A	4 5 4	360 350 350	440 390 240
3	7.3 10 16	2 1 1	4.5 8 4	3 3 3	A C F	4 8 8.5	350 350 350	330 180 200

12. M.C.W Percentage Test.

Set SWE to CW, SWF to M - O, SWG to 1, SWM to P.A. Total, SWL to dummy load.

Set C5 to 2 Mc/s., switch on and press key. Load to 300 µa on M1.

Couple into the load a coupling coil from Y plates of oscilloscope (CT52). Adjust coupling to give a trace about 2 ins. high. Retune Transmitter.

Set SWE to MCW. Turn RV4 fully clockwise.

Check that modulation percentage as measured on the oscilloscope is between 60% and 70%, and waveform is approximately sinusoidal.

N.B.—On dummy aerial the modulation is artificially reduced by about 25%.

13. R/T Percentage Test.

Connect cathodes of V2 together.

Set SWE to CW, SWF to M - O, SWG to 1, SWL to dummy load, SWM to P.A. Total.

Set C5 to 2 Mc/s. Switch on, press key, load to 300 µa on M1.

Connect Beat Frequency Oscillator (G205) with 600 Ω attenuator between PLH (R) and earth, and adjust f to 400 c/s, and voltage to 0.135 volts.

Couple oscilloscope (CT52) to load. Set SWE to R/T. Turn RV3 to maximum,

Check modulation percentage to be greater than 70%.

N.B.—On dummy aerial the modulation is artificially reduced by about 25%.

Adjust RV3 until modulation percentage is reduced to 70%, and check that waveform is then truly sinusoidal.

Disconnect cathodes of V2 from each other, and adjust RV4 so that V2 just starts clipping at 60%.

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14. Voltage Analysis. With the transmitter correctly tuned, V9 set at 450 μa , and loaded to 350 μa on CW and MCW, and 300 μa on R/T, the voltages at various points in the circuits, as measured with an Avometer 20,000 ohms/volt (A.P. 12945) should be approximately as given below:—

C	Pin	C.	w.	M.C	.w.	R / .	Γ
Component	or Contact	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
V7	Triode anode Heptode anode Heptode screen Cathode	285 140 1.2	110 300 155 1.1	265 135 1.1	105 290 150 1.1	290 130 1.2	110 290 155 1.1
V8	Anode	300	270	280	260	300	270
	Screen	170	235	155	225	200	230
	Cathode	70	55	66	50	75	50
V9	Anode	135	245	220	220	230	215
	Screen	160	235	150	225	185	230
V10, V11, V12	Anode	520	460	550	480	600	480
	Screen	135	245	220	220	230	215
	Cathode	60	30	60	30	70	30
V6	Stabiliser	150	150	150	150	150	150
V1	Oscillator anode	130	120	220	220	130	125
	Oscillator cathode	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.3
	Amplifier anode	220	210	205	205	220	210
	Amplifier cathode	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.9
V2	1st Cathode* 2nd Cathode*	3.2 2.6	3.2 2.6	3.1 2.3	3.1 2.3	4.5 4.0	2.9 2.6
V3	1st Anode	170	165	155	160	170	165
	1st Cathode	45	43	44	42	45	43
	2nd Anode	170	165	155	160	170	165
	2nd Cathode	45	43	44	42	45	43
V4, V5	Anode	510	495	550	500	600	495
	Screen	305	300	300	300	320	300
	Cathode	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0	0.6

^{*}Voltages are with RV4 set to give 6.5 volts key down MCW.

M.F TRANSMITTER

15. Meter M3 Switch SWN. For the switch positions indicated, apply the voltages stated in column 2, where stated in column 3, adjusted as in column 4, and the meter should read as per column 5.

Switch SWN Position	Volts Applied	Position	Adjustment	Meter M3 Reading
H.T. 500 H.T. 300 V3 V4 V5 P.A. Total I _G . P.A. V7 V8 V9	500 D.C. 300 D.C. 2.5 app. 2.5 ,, 2.5 ,, 2.5 ,, 2.5 ,, 2.5 ,, 2.5 ,,	+ PLK contact B — Chassis + PLK contact C — Chassis R31 + R59 — Chassis Across R49 ,, R53 ,, R56 ,, R40 ,, R13 ,, R30 ,, R32	Current to 25 ma ,, ,, 50 ,, ,, ,, 100 ,, ,, ,, 10 ,, ,, ,, 1 ,, ,, ,, 50 ,, ,, ,, 50 ,, ,, ,, 50 ,, ,, ,, 50 ,,	225 275 245 230 230 215 210 180 230 230

- 16. Check the mechanical alignment of gang condenser with its pointer and scale.
- 17. Set RV48 to centre position, SWP to MCW, connect PLK to SKG.

Make SWA and press MK.

Check voltages at all valves against those given in paragraph 24, making allowance for transmitter being unaligned.

18. Alignment M - O stage (V2).

Couple a wavemeter, G73, to buffer anode choke, L3.

- (a) Set pointer and wavemeter to 330 kcs., and adjust core of L2 for minimum beat.
- (b) ", ", ", ", 550 ", ", trimmer C16 ", ", ",
- (c) Repeat (a) and (b) until calibration agrees with wavemeter within 100 c/s.

19. R.F Drive Test.

Set SWP to CW, SWN to IG P.A., switch on and press MK.

Tune from 330 to 550 kcs. and check that M3 reads more than 100 µa throughout.

20. Adjustment of Clamp Valve (V3) Circuits.

Set SWP to CW, SWN to P.A. total, switch on and press MK. Detune aerial by turning SWQ, SWS, SWR fully anticlockwise.

Adjust RV48 until M3 reads 300 µa.

Release MK and check that M3 falls below 240 µa.

21. Alignment Aerial Indicator Circuit. Dummy Aerial Test. (See description para 21).

Set SWP to CW, SWR to Dummy, switch on and press MK.

- (a) Load transmitter into dummy load at 330 kcs. and adjust L1 for maximum reading on M4.
- (b) Load at 550 kcs. and adjust C9 for maximum on M4.
- (c) Repeat (a) and (b).

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22. Power Output Measurement.

Set SWP to CW, SWN to P.A. total, SWR to Dummy, switch on and press MK.

Set the controls to the positions indicated in cols. 1 - 3, and adjust C35 and L5 to give a dip in M3 and a maximum in M4.

Increase M3 dip current by turning C35 clockwise and re-adjusting on L5, until M3 reading is between 180 and 230 μa .

The reading of M4 should be about that in col. 4.

Frequency	SWQ	sws	M4
330 350	4	AB	220 230
400	4	D	230
450 500	3 3	F G	210 200
550	3	H	180

23. MCW Percentage Adjustment.

Set SWP to CW, SWR to dummy load, SWN to P.A. total, switch on. Load to 200 μ a on M3. Couple a search coil from Y plates of oscilloscope to aerial coil. Adjust coupling to give a trace about 3 ins. high. Re-adjust aerial tuning and put SWP to MCW.

Adjust RV11 to give 60% modulation as measured on the oscilloscope.

Check that modulation envelope is approximately sinusoidal.

24. Voltage Analysis. With the transmitter correctly tuned and loaded to 200 μa on MCW, the voltage to earth at various points in the circuits, as measured with an Avometer 20,000 Ω /volt (A.P. 12945) should be approximately as given below:—

Key	Pin	V1	V2	V3	V4, V5	V6	V7	V8, V9
UP	Anode Screen Cathode	0 0 0	307 259 10.5	195 195 0	496 195 13.8	154 132 1.94	208 — 66	500 304 4.02
Down	Anode Screen Cathode	203 122 0	305 150 9	168 168 0	480 167 22.5	157 134 1.98	212 67	495 310 4.11

25. Resistance and Voltage.

- (a) Insulation. Check resistance to earth at PLN(E) to be 16K Ω , and at V11 anode to be 18.2K Ω , both with RV15 at minimum.
- (b) Connect supplies, switch on.

Set SWV to off, SWY to N, SWT to 4, SWX to off, SWW to off, RV15 to maximum. Check voltages as per table using Avometer 20,000 Ω /volt (A.P. 12945).

	_								
	V1	V2	V 3	V4	V5	V6	V7†	V 9	V10
Anode-Earth	230	Hep. Osc. 238 105 (No Xtal)		Hep. Osc. 236 65	222	217		73	245
Screen-Earth Across Cathode	115	95		95	222	217		45	245
Resistance	(R8) 0.9	(R19) 1.9		(R33) 1.8	(R46) 2.8	(R49) 3.4	(R55) 50	(R35) 3.0	(R24) 4.0

† Use highest possible Avometer range.

- (c) Set SWT to 3. Measure grid current of V4 Triode. 40μa.
- (d) Set SWV to On. Measure volts across R63. 12.5 volts.

26. I.F Alignment.

Set SWV, SWX, SWW to Off, SWT to 3, RV15 to maximum, SWY to N.

Set C102, C106, C107, C108 to mid setting.

Set A.P.74707 Cossor Ganging Oscillator Model 343 to 460 kc/s., frequency modulated at about 20 kc/s., and inject through 0.1 μ F to V4 heptode grid.

Connect oscilloscope, Type 13A or Cossor Double Beam, between Earth and connection RV53-R54, via 1M Ω .

Tie X plates of oscilloscope to "external" of Ganging Oscillator.

- (a) Tune L41 and dust cores of TR1, TR2, TR3 primaries and secondaries for maximum amplitude on oscilloscope, reducing on oscillator as necessary to prevent overload.
- (b) Reduce bandwith of oscillator to 10 kc/s. Neutralise crystal circuit by adjustment of C106 to give a symmetrical curve on oscilloscope, like Fig (a).
- (c) Retune secondary of TR2 to give minimum "saddle" in curve, Fig. (a).
- (d) Retune L41 for symmetrical response.
- (e) Adjust C107 roughly to give approximate bandwidth required.
- (f) Repeat (c) and (d).
- (g) Set SWY to "VN" and adjust C102 for maximum amplitude.
- (h) Adjust C108 to give response curve similar to Fig. (b).
- (i) Retune L41 for minimum "saddle."
- (k) Set SWY to "I," adjust bandwidth to 20 kc/s, and observe symmetry of curve.
- (1) Set SWY to "W," and observe symmetry of curve.
- (m) Set SWT to 4. This should only reduce amplitude, not alter symmetry.
- (n) Set SWY to N, and ganging oscillator to 460 kc/s, and inject into V2 grid, reducing on attenuator as necessary. Tune cores of TR5 for maximum amplitude.
- (o) Set SWY to "I" and then "W" and observe symmetry and return to "N."
- (p) Set SWT to 3, ganging oscillator to 1.4 Mc/s.
- (q) Tune TR4 primary and secondary and L34 for maximum amplitude. Set SWY to "I" and "W" and observe symmetry.

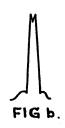


FIG a

27. Response Curve of I.F.

Select a signal generator capable of variation, with an accuracy measurable to 10~c/s, up to 20~kc/s, either side of 460 kc/s and 1.4 Mc/s; and with output graduated in db. Inject signal at V2 heptode grid.

Note.—Standard instruments such as Marconi TF144G or TF867 will only give a very approximate indication.

Put Avometer 50µa range, between R52 and earth.

For the variation in db in columns 3 to 7 below, measure the *total* bandwidth in kc/s to maintain constant reading of 20 μ a on Avometer. The result should be within the figures quoted for the various frequencies and selectivity settings.

Signal Frequency	SWY setting	Variation	Variation in db input from that at midband						
riequency	setting	6	10	20	40	60			
	W	6.5	7.8	10	15	20			
460 kc/s.	I	4.6	5.7	7.5	11.1	15.5			
,	N	1.0*	1.37	3.0*	6.9	10			
	VN†	0.72	0.84	1.08	6.4	9.5			
	W	8.5	10	13.5	19	28			
1.4 Mc/s.	I	5.2	6.4	8.9	14	19			

[†]The two humps shewn in Fig. (b) para 25, should not be less than 30 db down, as also should \pm 750 c/s. These are controlled by C108.

28. Overall Sensitivity of I.F.

Put Avometer, 50 µa range, between R52 and earth.

Inject 460 kc/s or 1.4 Mc/s at grid of V2, from Signal Generator.

Measure the input in dbs. relative to 1 µv for a diode current of 20 µa.

Signal Injected	SWT	SWY setting					
Injected	setting	Wide	Intermediate	Narrow	Very Narrow		
460 kc/s. 1.4 Mc/s.	3 4	16 23	15 21	21 26	23 28		

The result should be as in table \pm 6 dbs.

Seal the inductor and capacitance trimmers.

29. Beat Frequency Oscillator Alignment.

Put Avometer, 250 µa range, between R52 and earth. Set SWY to "N."

Inject 460 kc/s CW at grid of V4, from Signal Generator, and tune Generator to centre of passband by maximum diode current measurement.

- (a) Switch on B.F.O. and, with C126 at zero, adjust L44 to give zero beat.
- (b) Remove signal and check that diode current due to B.F.O. is 70 $\mu a \pm 10\%$.
- (c) Seal B.F.O. coil.

^{*}The bandwidth at these points is controlled by C106.

30. 1st Oscillator alignment.

Check the mechanical position of C40 against its pointer and the scale.

Connect 500 Ω impedance output meter to JKD, and 100 Ω headphones to JKE.

Set SWV to On, SWY to N, SWX to Off. SWW to Off, RV15 at maximum.

Connect Signal Generator to inject CW signal into grid of V2.

Inject signal and set C40 at frequencies in table below, and adjust the trimmers indicated to give zero beat.

Range	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Frequency	60	100	260	0.7	1.6	3.4	7	15
Trimmer	L10	L11	L12	L13	L14	L15	L16	L17
Frequency	125	260	660	1.5	3.4	7.0	15	30
Trimmer	C19	C20	C21	C22	C23	C24	C25	C26

31. R.F Circuits Alignment.

Set SWV to Off, SWX to Off, SWW to Off, SWY to "I."

Connect Signal Generator into aerial plug, using a 75 Ω impedance for frequencies above 4 Mc/s, and about 10 Ω and 200 pF for frequencies below 4 Mc/s. Use an input of about 30 μ v modulated 30%.

Align the mixer and aerial circuits at the frequencies given in the table below, by adjustment of the trimmers indicated for maximum output, repeating adjustment on the two frequencies of each range until no further increase is obtained, and reducing on the R.F Gain Control RV15 to prevent overload.

Range	Freq.		oil Aerial	Freq.	Condo Mixer	enser Aerial
1	60 kc/s.	L20	L1	120 kc/s.	C46	C1
2	105 kc/s.	L21	L2	240 kc/s.	C47	C2
3	270 kc/s.	L22	L3	630 kc/s.	C48	C3
4	710 kc/s.	L23	L4	1480 kc/s.	C49	C4
5	1.62 Mc/s.	L24	L5	3.3 Mc/s.	C50	C5
6	3.6 Mc/s.	L25	L6	7.0 Mc/s.	C51	C6
7	7.4 Mc/s.	L26	L7	14.7 Mc/s.	C52	C7
8	15.7 Mc/s.	L27	L8	†30.7 Mc/s.	C53	C8
and the same of th						

† Some pulling will be experienced, and main tuning control will need to be varied during trimming.

After alignment is completed:-

- (a) Tune receiver to 240 kc/s, inject 460 kc/s from signal generator at aerial plug and tune L9 to give minimum audio output.
- (b) Tune receiver to 630 kc/s, inject 1.4 Mc/s from signal generator at aerial plug and tune L19 for minimum audio output.

Cir. No.	Description.	Pye Ref. No.	I.S. Ref. No.	Value	RATING.	Тог.
C1	T.C.C.	669860	Z115552	10 n	350 V	
C2 to C4	Mullard Trimmer	280038		3-30 p		
	1) W. and R. Variable	280010		-		
C5 (6) (5)	Cyldon Variable	280007		0-350 p		
C6	T.C.C. Picopack	667233	Z145004	2μ	150 V	
C7	T.C.C.	669860	Z115552	10 n	350 V	
C8	Erie Hi - K - K	666648		220 p		20° o
C9	T.C.C. CE 17 N	667575		2μ	350 V	
C10 to C12	Lemco 1510 M	664857		470 p		5° o
C13	Lemco 1510 M	664797		150 p		
C14	Lemco 1510 M	664713		15 p		5%
C15 and C16	T.C.C.	668962	Z115627	10 n	200 V	
C17 and C18	Mullard Trimmer	800065		3-30 p		
C19	T.C.C.	668960	Z115552	10 n	350 V	
C20	Mullard Trimmer	800065		3-30 p		
C21 and C22	T.C.C.	668960	Z115552	10 n	350 V	
C23	Erie Ceramicon	650484		10 p		20%
C24	T.C.C.	668962	Z115627	10 n	200 V	
C25	T.C.C.	668968	Z115506	100 n	350 V	
C26	T.C.C. CP 112 H	668962	Z115627	10 n	200 V	
C27 to C29	Mullard Trimmers	800065		3-30 p		
C30 and C31	T.C.C.	668960	Z115552	10 n	350 V	
C32	Erie Hi. K	666648		220 p		20° o
C33	T.C.C.	668960	Z115552	10 n	350 V	
C34	T.C.C.	668959	Z115552	10 n	500 V	
C35	T.C.C.	668960	Z115552	10 n	350 V	
C36	T.C.C.	668962	Z115627	10 n	200 V	
C37	T.C.C.	668959	Z115555	10 n	500 V	
C38	T.C.C. CE 19 B	667212		50μ	50 V	
C39	T.C.C.	668959	Z115525	10 n	500 V	
C40	T.C.C.	668960	Z115552	10 n	350 V	
C41	Cyldon Variable	280006		0/250 p		
C42	T.C.C. Mica	666126		5 n	1500 V	
C43 to C48	T.C.C. Tubular Ceramic	266018		230 p		
C49 to C56	T.C.C. Tubular Ceramic	266020		390 p		$2^{\rm o}_{\rm lo}$
C57 to C68	T.C.C. Tubular Ceramic	266019		292.5 p		2%
C69 to C72	T.C.C. Tubular Ceramic	266020		390 p		2%
C73	T.C.C. Ceramic K3552/F	666825		45 p		20%
C74	Cyldon Special Variable	280005		25 /225 p)	
C75	T.C.C.	668962	Z115627	10 n	200 V	

CIR. No.	Description	Pye Ref. No.	I.S. Ref. No.	VALUE	RATING.	Тог.
C76 to C78 C79 C80 to C82 C84 C85 to C87	T.C.C. Ceramic Hunts W99 Mullard Trimmer Lemco 1510 M Mullard Trimmer	664713 667082 800065 665219 800065		15 p 10 n 3-30 p 18 p 3-30 p	150 V	5%
C88 C89 C90 and C91 C92 C93 to C95	Lemco 1510M T.C.C. CP 113 N T.C.C. CP 112 H Erie Hi - K - K T.C.C. CP 112 H	664725 668960 668962 666657 668962	Z115627 Z115627	22 p 10 n 10 n 330 p 10 n	350 V 200 V 200 V	20°°
C96 and C97 C98 RLF RLG FL1	Lemco 1510M T.C.C. CP 112 H Vacuum Relay Siemens H.S. Relay H.96 Parmeko B5038	665219 668962 987194 701375 780896	Z115627 A.P.101976 Z530040	18 p 10 n 8 700 Ω 3.4 K	200 V	5°°
TR1 MR1 MR2 MR3 } M1 M2 }	Parmeko B5036 Westinghouse Rectifier Unit Germanium Crystal GEX55 / Microammeter 0 - 500 Elliott 2 H/S.	770957 704486 1 704509 271374			1mA	
R1 R2 R3 R4 R5	Erie RMA 9 Erie RMA 8 Erie RMA 8 Erie RMA 9 Erie RMA 9	670523 670458 670458 670522 670445	Z222059 Z222174 Z222174 Z223143 Z222039	2.7K 22K 22K 680K 1.8K	1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W	10% 10% 10% 10% 10%
R7 R8 R9 R10 R11	Erie RMA 8 Erie RMA 9 Erie RMA 8 Erie RMA 9 Erie RMA 9	670456 670524 670464 670522 670523	Z222153 Z222068 Z223018 Z223143 Z222059	15 K 3.3 K 68 K 680 K 27 K	½ W ¼ W ½ W ¼ W ¼ W	10% 10% 10% 10% 10%
R12 R13 R14 R15 to R17 R18	Erie RMA 9 Erie RMA 8 Erie RMA 9 Erie RMA 9 Erie RMA 9	670538 670474 670524 670543 670538	Z222215 Z223123 Z222068 Z223050 Z222215	47 K 470 K 3.3 K 120 K 47 K	1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W	10% 10% 10% 10% 10%
R19 R20 R21, R23 R24 R25	Erie RMA 8 Erie RMA 8 Erie RMA 9 Erie RMA 9 Erie RMA 9	670446 670464 670542 670506 670547	Z222048 Z223018 Z223038 Z223092	22 K 68 K 100 K 33 K 270 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{4}$ W $\frac{1}{4}$ W $\frac{1}{4}$ W	10% 10% 10% 10% 10%

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H.F TRANSMITTER

Cir. No.	Description.	Pye Ref. No.	I.S. Ref. No.	Value	RATING.	Tol.
R26	Erie RMA 9	670522	Z222047	2.2 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R27	Erie RMA 8	670459	Z222186	27 K	1 W	10%
R28	Erie RMA 9	670554	Z223164	1 M	½ W	10%
R29	Erie RMA 9	670522	Z222047	2.2 K	1 W	10%
R30	Erie RMA 8	670455	Z222144	12 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R31	Erie RMA 8	670440	Z221216	680	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	
R32	Erie RMA 9	670500	Z221047	33	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	
R33	Erie RMA 8	670472	Z223102	330 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R34	Erie RMA 9	670524	Z223068	3.3 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R35	Erie RMA 8	670463	Z223009	56 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R36	Erie RMA 9	670524	Z222068	3.3 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R37	Erie RMA 8	670472	Z223102	330 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R38	Erie RMA 9	670554	Z223164	1 M	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R39	Erie RMA 8	670454	Z222132	10 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	
R40	Erie RMA 9	670531	Z222143	12 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R41	Erie RMA 9	670532	Z222152	15 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	
R42	Erie RMA 9	670542	Z223038	100 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R43	Erie RMA 9	670542	Z223638	100 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R44 and R45	Erie RMA 9	670502	Z221068	47	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R46	Erie RMA 9	670506	Z221110	100	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R47	Morganite Type R	671671	Z212256	12 K	1 W	
R48	Erie RMA 8	670443	Z222018	1.2 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R50 and R51	Erie RMA 8	670426	Z221069	47	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	
R52, R53, R55	Erie RMA 9	670495	Z221008	12	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R56	Erie RMA 8	670426	Z221069	47	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	
R58 to R60	Erie RMA 9	670495	Z221008	12	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R61	Welwyn	672147	Z243121	180		
R62	Erie RMA 8	670426	Z221069	47	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	
R64	Erie RMA 8	670443	Z222018	1.2 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	
R65	Welwyn	671831	Z244121	18 K		
R66	Erie RMA 8	670426	Z221069	47	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	1.0
R67	Erie RMA 9	670495	Z221008	12	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R68	Erie RMA 9	670528	Z222110	6.8 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R69	Erie RMA 8	672251	Z223162	1 M	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	5%
R70	Erie RMA 9	670531	Z222143	12 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R71	Erie RMA 8	672251	Z223162	1 M	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	5%
R72	Erie RMA 8	672252	Z223120	470 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	5%
R73 and R74	Erie RMA 9	670776	Z222044	2.2 K	1 W	5%
R75	Erie Type 108	672485	F010000	2.2 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	2%
R76 and R77	Welwyn	672238	Z243222	1		5%

H.F TRANSMITTER

Cir. No.	Description.	Pye Ref. No.	I.S. Ref. No.	VALUE.	RATING.	Тог.
R78	Erie RMA 9	670506	Z221047	33	1 W	
R79	Erie RMA 9	670538	Z222215	47 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R80	Erie RMA 9			100 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R81	Erie RMA 9	670538	Z222215	47 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R82	Erie RMA 9	670504	Z221089	68	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
RV3	Colvern 1206/269	281000		1 K		
RV4, RV5	Colvern 1106/95	281003		5 K		
V1	Double Triode 12AX7		CV492			
V2	Double Diode EB91		CV140			
V3	Double Triode 12AX7		CV492			
V4, V5	Beam Tetrode 5B/251M		CV428			
V6	Stabilovolt QS150/15		CV287			
V7	Triode Heptode ECH81		CV2128			
V8	Beam Tetrode 5763		CV2129			
V 9	R.F Pentode EF91		CV138			
V10, 11, 12	Beam Tetrode 5B/251M		CV428			

Cir. No.	Description.	Pye Ref. No.	I.S. Ref. No.	VALUE.	RATING.	Тог.
C1 to 8	Mullard Trimmer	800065		3-30 p	75 V	
C9	Lemco	665255		47 p	350 V	10%
C10	Erie Ceramicon N750K	650484	Z132253	10 p	750 V	10%
C11	Lemco	665239	Z132283	33 p	350 V	10%
C12	Erie Ceramicon N750L	650691	Z132300	100 p	750 V	10%
C13	Erie Ceramicon N750K	650520	Z132073	15 p	750 V	10%
C14 and 15	Lemco	666781		470 p	350 V	2%
C16	Gang Condenser (AE)	280001				
C17	Erie Ceramicon N750L	650691	Z132300	100 p	750 V	10%
C18	Erie Ceramicon N750	650592	Z132283	33 p	750 V	10%
C19 to 26	Mullard Trimmer	800065		3-30 p	75 V	
C27	Lemco	664093		82 p	350 V	2%
C28 to 29	Lemco	664101		100 p	350 V	2%
C30	Lemco	666261		500 p	350 V	2%
C31	Lemco	664341		1.1 n	350 V	2%
C32	Lemco	666904		850 p	350 V	2%
C33	Lemco	664365		1.5 n	350 V	2%
C34	Lemco	663808		2.7 n	350 V	2%
C35 and 36	Erie Ceramicon N750K	650484	Z132253	10 p	750 V	10%
C37	Lemco	665263		56 p	350 V	10%
C38	Erie Ceramicon N750K	650484	Z132253	10 p	750 V	10%
C39	Lemco	665319		220 p	350 V	2%
C40	Gang Condenser (Osc)					
C41	T.C.C. Metamite	668968	Z115506	100 n	350 V	
C42	Hunts	985705	Z115256	100 n	150 V	
C43	T.C.C. Metamite	668963	Z115629	20 n	500 V	
C44	Hunts	985705	Z115256	100 n	150 V	
C45	Lemco	666784		47 p	350 V	2%
C46 to 53	Mullard Trimmer	800065		3-30 p	75 V	
C54	T.C.C. Metamite			5 n	350 V	
C55	Erie Ceramicon Hi - KL	666652		2.2 n	350 V	
C56	Erie Ceramicon Hi-KL	666652		2.2 n	350 V	
C57	Erie Ceramicon Hi - KK	666551		1 n	350 V	20%
C58	Erie Ceramicon Hi - KK	666657		330 p	350 V	20%
C59	Erie Ceramicon N750K	650655		62 p	750 V	10%
C60	Erie Ceramicon N750K	650520	Z132073	15 p	750 V	10%
C61	Erie Ceramicon P100K	650452	Z132421	5.6 p	750 V	10%
C62	Erie Ceramicon N750K	650574	Z132280	27 p	750 V	10%
C63	Erie Ceramicon N750K	650592	Z132283	33 p	750 V	10%
C64 and 65	Erie Ceramicon N750L	650691	Z132300	100 p	750 V	10%

Cir. No.	Description.	Pye Ref. No.	I.S. Ref. No.	VALUE.	RATING.	Tol.
C66	Erie Ceramicon Hi - KK	666657		330 p	750 V	
C67	Hunts	985705	Z115256	100 n	150 V	
C68	T.C.C. Metalmite	666861	Z115625	10 n	350 V	
C69	Gang Condenser (Mix)	000001	2110020	20		
C70 and 71	Hunts	985705	Z115256	100 n	150 V	
C72	T.C.C. Metalmite	668968	Z115506	100 n	350 V	
C73 to 76	Lemco	666781		470 p	350 V	2%
C77	Hunts Electrolytic	667143	Z145027	4 μ	350 V	
C78	Hunts	668902		100 n	150 V	
C79	Erie Ceramicon N750L	650691	Z132300	100 p	750 V	10%
C80	T.C.C. Metalmite	668951		10 n	500 V	
C81	Erie Ceramicon	666554		270 p	750 V	20%
C82	T.C.C. Metalmite	668963	Z115629	20 n		
C83	Hunts	985705	Z115256	100 n	150 V	
C84	T.C.C. Metalmite	668959	Z115525	10 n	500 V	
C85	Erie Ceramicon Hi - KL	666652		2.2 n	350 V	
C86	Mullard Trimmer	800065		3-30 p	75 V	
C87 and 88	Erie Ceramicon N750L	650691	Z132300	100 p	750 V	
C89 and 90	Lemco	666783		2 n	350 V	2%
C91	T.C.C. Metalmite	668968	Z115506	100 n	350 V	
C92 and 93	Lemco	666781		470 p	350 V	2%
C94	T.C.C. Metalmite	668963	Z115629	20 n	500 V	
C95	T.C.C. Metalmite	668951		1 n	500 V	
C96	T.C.C. Metalmite	668968	Z115506	100 n	350 V	
C97	Hunts Electrolytic	667143	Z145027	4 μ	350 V	
C98	T.C.C. Metalmite	668951	F244 ##07	1 n	500 V	
C99	T.C.C. Metalmite	668968	Z115506	100 n	350 V	
C100	Hunts	985705	Z115256	100 n	150 V	
C101	T.C.C. Metalmite	668968	Z115506	100 n	350 V	
C102	Mullard Trimmer	800065		3-30 p	75 V	
C103	Lemco	666781		470 p	350 V	2%
C104	Lemco	666903		850 p	350 V	2%
C105	Lemco	664331		1 n	350 V	2%
C106 to 108	Mullard Trimmers			2-8 p	75 V	20
C109	Erie Ceramicon N750K	650484	Z132253	10 p	750 V	20%
C110 and 111	Lemco	666782		1 n	350 V	2%
C112	Erie Ceramicon N750L	650691	Z132300	100 p	750 V	10%
C113	T.C.C. Metalmite	668959	Z115525	10 n	500 V	
C114	T.C.C. Metalmite	668963	Z115629	20 n	500 V	
C115		985705	Z115256	100 n		

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		P_{YE}	I.S.			
CIR. No.	DESCRIPTION.	Ref. No.	Ref .No.	VALUE.	RATING.	Tol.
C116	T.C.C. Metalmite	668968		100 n	250 V	
C110 C117 and 118		666781		470 p	350 V 350 V	20/
C117 and 118	Lemco	666906		2.7 p	350 V	2%
	Erie Ceramicon N750L	650691	Z132300	2.7 p 100 p	750 V	2% 10%
C120 and 121	Erie Ceramicon P100K	650476	Z132426	100 p	750 V	10 /0
C123	Hunts	985705	Z115560	100 n	150 V	
C124	Erie Ceramicon N750L	650691	Z132300	100 p	750 V	10%
C125	Erie Ceramicon Hi - KL	666651		2 n	350 V	20%
C126	Trimmer	800162		3.8 - 50 I)	
C127	Erie Ceramicon Hi - KL	666652		2.2 n	350 V	20%
C128	Erie Ceramicon P100K	650452	Z132431	5.6 p	750 V	10%
C129 and 130	Hunts	985705	Z115256	100 n	150 V	
C131 to 150	Erie 3ft /2404 /100	985706		1· n	{+	-80%
C151	Erie Ceramicon Hi - KK	666551		1 n	350 V	-20% -20%
CIJI	Life Ceramicon III - KK	000331		1 11	330 V	20 %
R1	Welwyn	671841	Z244033	2.2 K	6 w	10%
R2	Erie RMA 8	670464	Z223018	68 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R3	Erie RMA 8	670460	Z222195	33 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R4	Erie RMA 8	670450	Z222090	4.7 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R5	Erie RMA 8	670446	Z222048	2.2 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R6	Erie RMA 9	670552	Z223143	680 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R7	Erie RMA 9	670530	Z222131	10 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R8	Erie RMA 9	670504	Z221089	68	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R9	Erie RMA 9	670542	Z223038	100 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R10	Erie RMA 9	670538	Z222215	47 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R11	Erie RMA 9	670502	Z221068	47	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R12	Erie RMA 8	670454	Z222132	10 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R13	Erie RMA 9	670519	Z222017	1.2 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R14	Erie RMA 9	670502	Z221068	47	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R16	Wirewound	672229	Z243393	820		5%
R17	Erie RMA 8	670454	Z222132	10 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R18	Erie RMA 9	670550	Z223122	470 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R19	Erie RMA 9	670510	Z221152	220	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R20	Erie RMA 9	670542	Z223038	100 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	10%
R21	Welwyn	670812	Z244098	10 K	4.5 w	5%
R23	Erie RMA 8	670446	Z222048	2.2 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R24	Erie RMA 8	670431	Z221123	120	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%
R25	Erie RMA 9	670526	Z222089	4.7 K	1 W	10%
R26	Eric RMA 9	670547	Z223092	270 K	1 w	10%
R27	Erie RMA 8	670454	Z222132	10 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	10%

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-		PyE	I.S.		
CIR. No.	DESCRIPTION.		. Ref. No.	VALUE	RATING. TOL.
D 00	D. Dari o	(50.450	7222000	4.5. 37	1 100
R28	Erie RMA 8	670450		4.7 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ w 10°
R29	Erie RMA 9	670550		470 K	½ w 10%
R30	Erie RMA 9	670542	Z223038	100 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°
R31	Erie RMA 9	670547		270 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°
R32	Erie RMA 9	670542	Z223038	100 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10° o
R33	Erie RMA 9	670508	Z221131	150	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°
R34	Erie RMA 9	670532	Z222152	15 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°_{0}
R35	Erie RMA 9	670519	Z222017	1.2 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°
R36	Erie RMA 9	670519	Z222017	1.2 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°
R37	Erie RMA 9	670558	Z223206	2.2 M	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10° o
R38	Erie RMA 9	670550	Z223122	470 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°
R39	Erie RMA 8	670446	Z222048	2.2 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ w 10°_{70}
R40	Erie RMA 9	670558	Z223206	2.2 M	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°
R41	Erie RMA 9	670538	Z222215	47 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°
R43	Erie RMA 9	670542	Z223038	100 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°
R44 and 45	Erie RMA 9	670546	Z223080	220 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°_{0}
R46	Erie RMA 9	670512	Z221173	330	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°
R47	Erie RMA 8	670446	Z222048	2.2 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ w 10%
R48	Erie RMA 9	670554	Z223164	1 M	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10°
R49	Erie RMA 9	670512	Z221173	330	$\frac{1}{2}$ w 10°_{0}
R50	Erie RMA 8	670446	Z222048	2.2 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ w 10°_{0}
R51	Erie RMA 9	672270	Z223203	2.2 M	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10%
R52	Erie RMA 9	670541		82 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10%
R54	Erie RMA 9	670538	Z222215	47 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10%
R55	Erie RMA 9			680 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 5%
R56 and 57	Erie RMA 9	670550	Z223122	470 K	$\frac{1}{4} \dot{w} = 10\%$
R58	Erie RMA 9	670554	Z223164	1 M	½ w 10%
R59	Erie RMA 9	670550	Z223122	470 K	½ w 10%
R60	Erie RMA 9	670538	Z222215	47 K	½ w 10%
R61	Erie RMA 8	670460		33 K	$\frac{1}{2}$ w 10%
R62	Erie RMA 9	670538	Z222215	47 K	$\frac{1}{4}$ w 10%
R63	Erie RMA 8	670450	Z222213 Z222090	4.7 K	•
R64	Erie RMA 9	070430	2222090		$\frac{1}{2}$ w 10%
K0 1	EHE KWIA 9			100	$\frac{1}{4}$ W
RLK	Siemens Relay H.S. H.96	701375	Z530040	3.4 K	
RV15	Colvern Wirewound	281000		1 K	
RV22	Colvern Wirewound	810127		5 K	
RV42	Morganite Carbon Potr.	281002	Z262936	2.5 M	
RV53	Morganite Carbon Potr.	281001		100 K	

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		PyE
CIR. No.	Description.	Ref. No.
<u> </u>		The second secon
L1	Range 1 Aerial Tuning Inductance	278011
L2	Range 2 Aerial Tuning Inductance	278012
L3	Range 3 Aerial Tuning Inductance	278013
L4	Range 4 Aerial Tuning Inductance	278014
L5	Range 5 Aerial Tuning Inductance	278015
20		
L6	Range 6 Aerial Tuning Inductance	278016
L7	Range 7 Aerial Tuning Inductance	278017
L8	Range 8 Aerial Tuning Inductance	278018
L9	Tuning Inductance of FL1	278029
L10	Range 1 Osc. Tuning Inductance	278019
L11	Range 2 Osc. Tuning Inductance	278020
L12	Range 3 Osc. Tuning Inductance	278020
L12	Range 4 Osc. Tuning Inductance	278021
L13 L14	Range 5 Osc. Tuning Inductance	278022
L15	Range 6 Osc. Tuning Inductance	278024
L16	Range 7 Osc. Tuning Inductance	278025
L17	Range 8 Osc. Tuning Inductance	278026
L18	Range 8 Osc. Booster Inductance	620093
L19	Tuning Inductance of FL2	278029
L20	Range 1 Mixer Tuning Inductance	278003
L21	Range 2 Mixer Tuning Inductance	278004
L22	Range 3 Mixer Tuning Inductance	278005
L23	Range 4 Mixer Tuning Inductance	278006
L24	Range 5 Mixer Tuning Inductance	278007
L25	Range 6 Mixer Tuning Inductance	278008
	D 7 M 1 1 1 1	270000
L26	Range 7 Mixer Tuning Inductance	278009
L27	Range 8 Mixer Tuning Inductance	278010
L28	Xtal Osc. Anode Choke	279009
L29	Tuning Inductance TR5	277004
L30	Tuning Inductance of TR5	227005
L31 and 32	Tuning Inductance of TR4	277003
L33	2nd Osc. 2nd Harmonic Filter Ind.	278046
L34	Tuning Inductance of (1.86 Osc.)	278027
L35 to 37	Tuning Inductance of TR3	277005
L38 to 40	Tuning Inductance of TR2	277006
L41	Inductance for FL3	278030
L42 and 43		277005
	Tuning Inductance of TR1	277003 278045
L44	Tuning Inductance of B.F.O.	
L45	B.F.O. Filament Choke	279003
L46 to 55	Feed through Filter Choke	987602

		PyE	
Cir. No.	Description.	Ref. No.	
TR6	Audio Output Trans.	770192	
V1	C.V. 454	860253	
V2	C.V. 2128	860298	
V3	C.V. 133	860169	
V4	C.V. 2128	860298	
V5 - 6	C.V. 131	860022	
V7 - 8	C.V. 140	860017	
V9	C.V. 131	860022	
V10	C.V. 2127	860290	
V11	C.V. 395	860184	
V12	C.V. 131	860022	
JKE	Jack Socket	830167	
XL1			
XL2 - 3	Double Xtal Filter Unit	270871	

